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Fact Sheet: News Media and Political Attitudes in the Netherlands

FOR MEDIA OR OTHER INQUIRIES:

Amy Mitchell, Director, Journalism Research Katie Simmons, Associate Director, Research Rachel Weisel, Communications Manager

202.419.4372

www.pewresearch.org

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Pew Research Center, May, 2018, "In Western Europe, Public Attitudes Toward News Media More Divided by Populist Views Than Left-Right Ideology"

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News Media and Political Attitudes in the Netherlands

Below are specific findings about news media attitudes and habits in the Netherlands. The findings come from a Pew Research Center survey about news media and politics across eight Western European countries conducted from Oct. 30 to Dec. 20, 2017. The survey covered five countries in the north (Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Sweden and the United Kingdom) and three in the south (France, Italy and Spain).

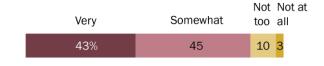
Views of the news media in the Netherlands

The sense of importance of and trust in the news media vary considerably by country. In general, adults in northern European countries – for example, Sweden and Germany – are more likely to say the news media are very important and that they trust the news media, while people in France and Italy are the least likely to say this.

In the Netherlands, a minority of adults (43%) consider the news media *very* important to society. Yet, a majority (67%) say they trust the news media. This includes 18% who say they trust the news media *a lot*.

About four-in-ten Dutch adults believe the news media are very important; two-thirds trust the media

% of adults in the Netherlands who say the news media are ____ important to the functioning of the country's society



% who trust the news media ...

A lot	Somewhat	Not too much	Not at all
18%	49	23	9

Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

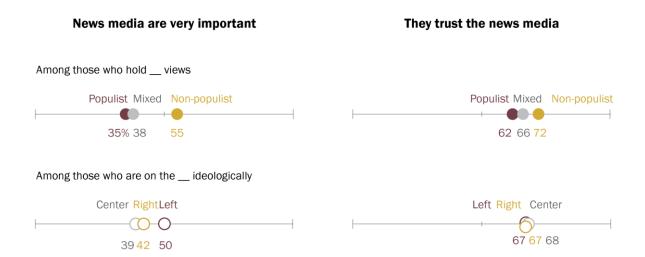
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In most of the countries surveyed, people who hold populist views are less likely to say the news media are important and to trust the news media than people who don't hold populist views. In general, the differences in these attitudes about the news media are small when comparing between people on the left and right of the ideological spectrum.

This pattern holds true in the Netherlands as well: 62% of people with populist views say they trust the news media, compared with 72% of those without populist views. On the question of importance, 35% of people with populist views say the news media are very important to society, compared with 55% of those with non-populist views.

Divides in the Netherlands between those with and without populist views in their attitudes toward the news media

% of adults in the Netherlands who say ...



Note: Respondents are classified as holding populist views if they answered: "Most elected officials don't care what people like me think" and "Ordinary people would do a better job solving the country's problems than elected officials." Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

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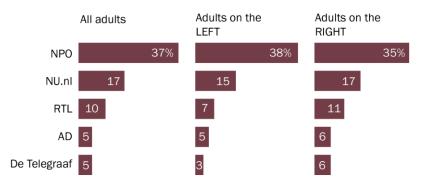
Main sources used for news in the Netherlands

When it comes to the news sources people say they turn to most frequently, the divides between adults with and without populist leanings are not as strong as those seen for attitudes about the news media more generally. And in the southern countries, there tend to be larger divides in main news source preference between people on the left and right of the ideological spectrum than between those with and without populist views.

In the Netherlands, those on the left and right do not differ in regard to the media source they turn to most for news. Both those on the left and the right are most likely to name Nederlandse Publieke Omroep (NPO) as their main news source, followed by NU.nl.

Dutch adults across the ideological spectrum generally share the same main news source

% of adults in the Netherlands who name each outlet as their main news source



Note: Only sources named by 5% of adults or more are shown. Respondents were asked to name the outlet they turn to the most for news. For the purposes of this analysis, major channels or brands were grouped into their larger news organization. For example, in the Netherlands, NOS, which is asked about specifically on a separate question, is coded as part of NPO in this analysis of main news source.

Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

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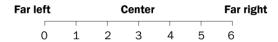
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Where users place outlets' ideologies, on the right and on the left

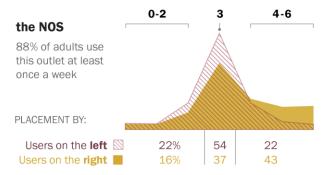
For many of the news outlets across the eight countries, people who use an outlet to get news tend to think the outlet is closer to their own left-right ideological position. In the Netherlands, this is true for five outlets asked about: the NOS, RTL, NU.nl, Algemeen Dagblad (AD) and de Volkskrant. For these outlets, news users on either the right or left tend to place them closer to their own ideology. For one outlet – De Telegraaf – right-aligned and left-aligned news users generally agree on its left-right placement. Joop.nl and GeenStijl are not included in this analysis, because the outlets did not have a large enough sample of left or right users to analyze.

Ideological placement of news outlets in the Netherlands

Users of each outlet were asked to place the outlet on a left-right scale

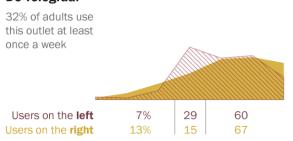


% of users on the left and right who place the outlet at position ...

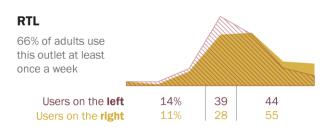


Left users and right users ARE different in their placement of this outlet

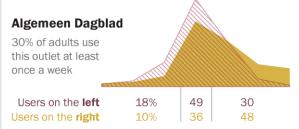
De Telegraaf



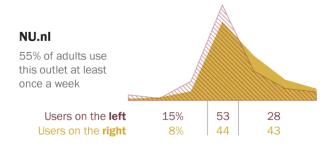
Left users and right users are NOT different in their placement of this outlet



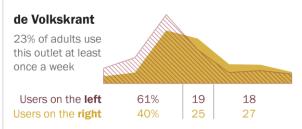
Left users and right users ARE different in their placement of this outlet



Left users and right users ARE different in their placement of this outlet



Left users and right users ARE different in their placement of this outlet



Left users and right users ARE different in their placement of this outlet

Note: Some outlets are not included, because their audience sample sizes are too small to analyze. Left and right users' outlet placements are considered different if the percentage of left and right users that place the outlet on the left (from 0 to 2), on the right (from 4 to 6), or both are significantly different. The survey asked respondents a series of questions about eight specific outlets in their country, which in some cases are part of a larger news organization. Therefore the outlets listed here may differ from the main news source outlets analyzed. For example, in the Netherlands the survey asked specifically about the NOS, which is part of NPO.

Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

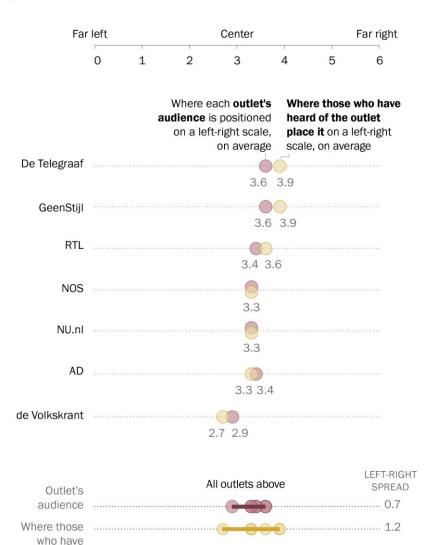
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In general, where the public places an outlet tends to differ from where the average audience actually sits ideologically. For each of the news outlets asked about in the survey, the average audience (based on self-reported usage) tends to fall near the ideological center. People who have heard of each outlet, however, tend to place the outlet either farther to the left or farther to the right than the actual ideological position of the outlet's audience.

The Netherlands is a slight exception. For some outlets, while their news audiences are near the ideological center, people who have heard of each outlet tend to think it leans slightly more to the right. De Telegraaf, for example, has an audience that sits at about the middle of the left-right spectrum (3.6 on the o-to-6 scale), but when asked to place the outlet on the same left-right scale, people who have heard of De Telegraaf place it farther to the right (at 3.9). But other outlets show little difference: Algemeen Dagblad has an audience near the ideological center (3.4 on the oto-6 scale), and people who have heard of AD place it near the center of the left-right spectrum as well (at 3.3).

Dutch adults think some news outlets in the Netherlands are more partisan than what their average audiences actually are

Mean placement of each outlet's audience on a o-to-6 left-right scale compared with where those who have heard of the outlet place it on that same scale



Note: An outlet's audience is defined as respondents who say they get news regularly from that outlet. The survey asked respondents a series of questions about eight specific outlets in their country, which in some cases are part of a larger news organization. Therefore the outlets listed here may differ from the main news source outlets analyzed. For example, in the Netherlands the survey asked specifically about NOS, which is part of NPO. Joop.nl is not included, because its audience sample size is too small to analyze. Left-right spread is the difference between the outlet farthest to the left and the outlet farthest to the right. Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20,

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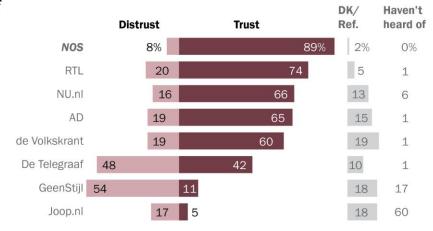
heard of the outlet place it

Trust in news media outlets

In seven of the eight countries surveyed, the most trusted news outlet asked about is the public news organization in each country. This is the case in the Netherlands, where a majority of adults (89%) say they trust the public news organization the NOS.

In the Netherlands, a large majority trusts the public news organization

% of adults in the Netherlands who generally trust or distrust each news outlet



Note: People who said they had not heard of an outlet or refused to respond to the question about whether they get news from an outlet are grouped under "Haven't heard of" here. Respondents were asked about eight specific outlets, which in some cases are part of a larger news organization. In the Netherlands the survey asked specifically about the NOS, which is part of NPO. Public broadcaster is in **bold**.

Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

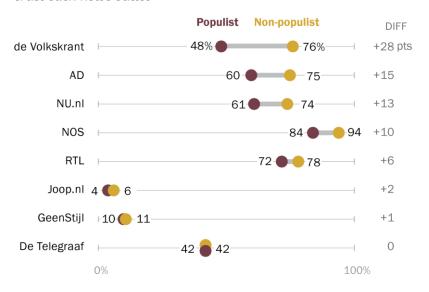
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As with trust in the news media generally, trust in specific outlets varies by populist leanings, with those who hold populist views expressing lower levels of trust than those who don't.

The Netherlands is no exception. For example, those with populist leanings are 28 percentage points less likely than those with non-populist views to say they trust de Volkskrant. When it comes to left-right ideological differences, though, those who place themselves on the right of the 0-to-6 point ideological scale are 16 percentage points less likely than people on the left to trust de Volkskrant.

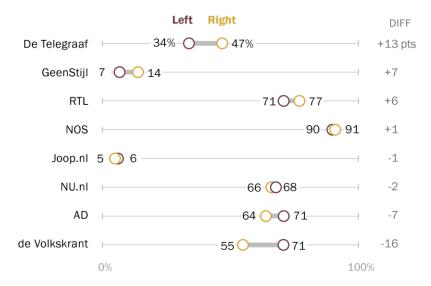
In the Netherlands, those with populist views tend to trust news outlets less than those without such views

% of adults in the Netherlands who hold ____ views and generally trust each news outlet



Trust is less divided along the left-right spectrum

% of adults in each ideological group who generally trust each news outlet



Note: Respondents are classified as holding populist views if they answered: "Most elected officials don't care what people like me think" and "Ordinary people would do a better job solving the country's problems than elected officials." Respondents were asked about eight specific outlets, which in some cases are part of a larger news organization. In the Netherlands the survey asked specifically about the NOS, which is part of NPO.

Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017

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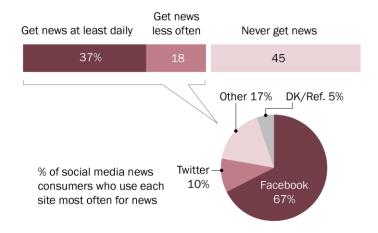
Social media usage and views

Many people in Western Europe get news through social media, with Facebook cited as the most widely used platform for news.

In the Netherlands, 55% of adults get news on social media, including 37% who get news on social media *daily*. Facebook is the most common social network used for news. In the Netherlands, young people (those 18 to 29 years old) are more likely to get news on social media daily than those 50 and older (55% vs. 24%).

Majority of Dutch adults get news on social media, mainly from Facebook

% of adults in the Netherlands who _____ from social media



Note: "Other" includes social media sites mentioned by 5% or less of respondents across all countries studied. Numbers may not add to 100 due to rounding. Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

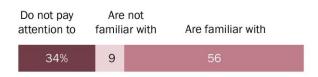
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About half or more social media news consumers in each of the eight countries surveyed say they are familiar with the sources they see on social media. Still, sizeable minorities say they typically do not pay attention to the source of the news they encounter there.

Social media news consumers in the Netherlands are similar to other Western Europeans – 56% are familiar with the news sources they find on social media, but roughly a third do not pay attention to the sources there.

About a third of Dutch adults who get news on social media don't pay attention to sources there

% of social media news consumers in the Netherlands who say most of the news they see on social media comes from news source they ...



Note: "Don't know" responses not shown. Question asked: "In general, does most of the news you see on social media come from news sources you are familiar with, sources you are not familiar with, or do you not pay attention to the sources?"

Source: Survey of eight Western European countries conducted Oct. 30-Dec. 20, 2017.

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Find out more

Read the full report online for the methodology and more on the Netherlands: https://pewrsr.ch/WesternEuropeNewsAttitudes.

To view this information online, as well as data on the seven other Western European countries included in the survey, visit: https://pewrsr.ch/NetherlandsNewsAttitudes.