# **Survey Questions**

### **Spring 2013 Tracking Survey**

Data for April 17-May 19, 2013

Final Topline 5/21/2013

Princeton Survey Research Associates International for the Pew Research Center's Internet & American Life Project

Sample: n=2,252 national adults, age 18 and older, including 1,127 cell phone interviews

Interviewing dates: 04.17.2013 - 05.19.2013

Margin of error is plus or minus 2.3 percentage points for results based on Total [n=2,252] Margin of error is plus or minus 2.5 percentage points for results based on all internet users [n=1,895] Margin of error is plus or minus 5.9 percentage points for results based on non-internet users [n=357]

**INTUSE** Do you use the internet, at least occasionally?

**EMLOCC**Do you send or receive email, at least occasionally?

EMINUSEDO you use the internet or email, at least occasionally?

**INTMOB**Do you access the internet on a cell phone, tablet or other mobile handheld device, at least occasionally?<sup>1</sup>

		DOES NOT USE
	USES INTERNET	INTERNET
Current	85	15
December 2012 <sup>i</sup>	81	19
September 2012	81	19
August 2012 <sup>ii</sup>	85	15
April 2012	82	18
February 2012	80	20

INTUSE/EMLOCC/EMINUSE/INTMOB continued...

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The definition of an internet user varies from survey to survey. In the current survey, half the sample was asked INTUSE/EMLOCC/INTMOB and half was asked EMINUSE/INTMOB. Current results are for both forms combined. Throughout the current topline, total internet users are defined as those who answered yes to any question INTUSE, EMLOCC, EMINUSE or INTMOB. From April 2012 thru December 2012, an internet user is someone who uses the internet at least occasionally, sends/receives email at least occasionally or accesses the internet a mobile device (three-part definition with question wording "Do you use the internet, at least occasionally?" OR "Do you send or receive email, at least occasionally?" OR "Do you access the internet on a cell phone, tablet or other mobile handheld device, at least occasionally?"). From January 2005 thru February 2012, an internet user is someone who uses the internet at least occasionally or sends/receives email at least occasionally (two-part definition with question wording "Do you use the internet, at least occasionally?" OR "Do you send or receive email, at least occasionally?"). Prior to January 2005, an internet user is someone who goes online to access the internet or to send and receive email (question wording "Do you ever go online to access the Internet or World Wide Web or to send and receive email?").

### INTUSE/EMLOCC/ EMINUSE/INTMOB continued...

OCC ENTINOSE/THING	D Continueu	
	USES INTERNET	DOES NOT USE INTERNET
December 2011	82	18
August 2011	78	22
May 2011	78	22
January 2011 iii	79	21
December 2010 <sup>iv</sup>	77	23
November 2010 <sup>v</sup>	74	26
September 2010	74	26
May 2010	79	21
January 2010 <sup>vi</sup>	75	25
December 2009vii	74	26
September 2009	77	23
April 2009	79	21
December 2008	74	26
November 2008 <sup>viii</sup>	74	26
August 2008 <sup>ix</sup>	75	25
July 2008 <sup>x</sup>	77	23
May 2008 <sup>xi</sup>	73	27
April 2008 <sup>xii</sup>	73	27
January 2008 <sup>xiii</sup>	70	30
December 2007xiv	75	25
September 2007xv	73	27
February 2007 <sup>xvi</sup>	71	29
December 2006xvii	70	30
November 2006xviii	68	32
August 2006 <sup>xix</sup>	70	30
April 2006 <sup>xx</sup>	73	27
February 2006 <sup>xxi</sup>	73	27
December 2005 <sup>xxii</sup>	66	34
September 2005xxiii	72	28
June 2005 <sup>xxiv</sup>	68	32
February 2005 <sup>xxv</sup>	67	33
January 2005xxvi	66	34
Nov 23-30, 2004 <sup>xxvII</sup>	59	41
November 2004xxviii	61	39
July 2004 <sup>xxix</sup>	67	33
June 2004 <sup>xxx</sup>	63	37
March 2004xxxi	69	31
February 2004 <sup>xxxii</sup>	63	37
November 2003 <sup>xxxiii</sup>	64	36
August 2003 <sup>xxxiv</sup>	63	37
June 2003 <sup>xxxv</sup>	62	38
May 2003 <sup>xxxvi</sup>	63	37
March 3-11, 2003 <sup>xxxvii</sup>	62	38
February 2003xxxviii	64	36
	TAIT	

INTUSE/EMLOCC/EMINUSE/INTMOB continued...

### INTUSE/EMLOCC/ EMINUSE/INTMOB continued...

,,		
December 2002xxxix	57	43
November 2002xl	61	39
October 2002xli	59	41
September 2002xlii	61	39
July 2002 <sup>xliii</sup>	59	41
March/May 2002xliv	58	42
January 2002 <sup>xlv</sup>	61	39
December 2001xlvi	58	42
November 2001xlvii	58	42
October 2001xlviii	56	44
September 2001 <sup>xlix</sup>	55	45
August 2001 <sup>1</sup>	59	41
February 2001 <sup>ii</sup>	53	47
December 2000 <sup>lii</sup>	59	41
November 2000 iii	53	47
October 2000liv	52	48
September 2000 <sup>lv</sup>	50	50
August 2000 <sup>™</sup>	49	51
June 2000 <sup>lvii</sup>	47	53
May 2000 <sup>lviii</sup>	48	52

## **HOME3NW** Do you ever use the internet or email at HOME?<sup>2</sup>

Based on all internet users [N=1,895]

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	REFUSED
Current	90	10	0	*
December 2012	90	10	0	0
November 2012	90	10	0	*
April 2012	89	11	0	0
February 2012	90	10	*	*
August 2011	90	10	0	0
May 2011	88	12	0	*
January 2011	89	11	*	0
December 2010	95	4	*	*
November 2010	95	4	*	*
September 2010	95	5	*	*
May 2010	94	6	*	*
January 2010	94	6	*	*
December 2009	93	6	*	*
September 2009	92	6	*	*
April 2009	91	8	*	*
December 2008	92	6	*	*
November 2008	93	7	*	*
August 2008	93	7	*	
July 2008	93	7	*	
May 2008	95	6	*	
December 2007	94	7	*	
September 2007	93	6	*	
February 2007	95	5	*	
November 2006	93	7	*	
February 2006	94	6	*	
June 2005	90	10	*	
July 2004	94	7	*	
March 2004	92	8	*	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In December 2012, question wording was: "Do you ever use the internet AT HOME?" In January 2011 and May 2011, question wording was: "Do you ever use the internet or email from home?" December 2010 and earlier trend wording was as follows: "About how often do you use the internet or email from... HOME – several times a day, about once a day, 3-5 days a week, 1-2 days a week, every few weeks, less often or never?" Results shown here for "YES" reflect combined "Several times a day," "About once a day," "3-5 days a week," "1-2 days a week," "Every few weeks," and "Less often" responses. Results shown here for "NO" reflect "Never" responses.

# Q2 What is the MAIN reason you don't use the internet at HOME? [DO NOT READ; PRECODED OPEN-END]

Based on internet users who do not go online at home [N=167]

	CURRENT	
%	20	Computer is too expensive / Don't have a computer
	10	Don't need to go online at home very often or at all
	9	Don't know how to set up access at home
	9	Internet connection is too expensive / Cheaper to get it elsewhere
	8	Service not available where I live
	5	Can go online from somewhere else (such as work, school, community
		center, friend's house, etc.)
	4	Computer is broken or too old
	3	Not interested
	3	Use my cell phone or other mobile device to go online
	2	Too busy / No time
	2	Waste of time
	1	Don't have internet service at home
	15	Other (SPECIFY)
	7	Don't know
	1	Refused

MODEM4B At home, do you connect to the internet through a dial-up telephone line, or do you have some other type of connection, such as a DSL-enabled phone line, a cable TV modem, a wireless connection, or a fiber optic connection such as FIOS?<sup>3</sup>

Based on those who use the internet at home

	DIAL-UP	TOTAL HIGH SPEED	 DSL	CABLE MODEM	 WIRELESS	FIBER	 T-1	(VOL.) OTHER BROAD- BAND	(VOL.) BROAD- BAND COMBO	(VOL.) NO HOME NET ACCESS	(VOL.) ACCESS NET ON CELL ONLY	(VOL.) NONE OF THE ABOVE <sup>5</sup>	DK	REF.
Current [N=1,727]	4	92	18	31	33	8	n/a	1	1	1	1	*	2	*
Dec 2012 [N=1,645]	4	90	18	33	30	5	1	2	*	*	2	*	3	1
Nov 2012 [N=1,770]	4	88	18	34	28	6	1	2	0	*	2	*	4	*
April 2012 [N=1,631]	4	90	20	33	30	6	*	1	*	*	1	*	4	*
Feb 2012 [N=1,572]	4	90	21	35	28	5	1	1	*	*	2	1	3	*
Aug 2011 [N=1,565]	5	89	22	34	26	5	*	2	*	1	1	1	3	*
May 2011 [N=1,518]	6	88	25	31	29	4	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	3	1
Jan 2011 [N=1,610]	4	88	28	33	22	5	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	4	1
Dec 2010 [N=1,731]	6	85	27	33	19	5	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	6	2
Nov 2010 [N=1,560]	6	86	28	33	20	5	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	4	2
Sept 2010 [N=1,947]	7	86	29	31	20	6	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	4	1
May 2010 [N=1,659]	7	86	27	33	20	5	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	4	1
Jan 2010 [N=1,573]	7	88	29	38	18	4	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	3	1
Dec 2009 [N=1,582]	9	86	28	37	17	3	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	4	1
Sept 2009 [N=1,584]	7	87	30	37	15	4	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	3	2
April 2009 [N=1,567]	9	86	29	36	15	4	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2	3	1

MODEM4B continued...

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> December 2012 and earlier trend question wording included "T-1" as a read category. From September 2009 thru January 2010, the question asking about type of home internet connection (MODEM) was form split. MODEMA was asked of Form A respondents who use the internet from home. MODEMB was asked of Form B respondents who use the internet from home. Trend results shown here reflect combined MODEMA and MODEMB percentages. Form B respondents who answered "satellite," fixed wireless provider," or "other wireless such as an Aircard or cell phone" have been combined in the "Wireless" column in the table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In Sept. 2007 and before, "Fiber optic connection" and "T-1 connection" were collapsed into one category. Percentage for "Fiber optic connection" reflects the combined "Fiber-optic/T-1" group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> May 2011 and earlier trend percentages for "None of the above" reflect "Other (SPECIFY)" responses.

### MODEM4B continued...

		TOTAL						(VOL.) OTHER	(VOL.) BROAD-	(VOL.) NO HOME	(VOL.) ACCESS NET ON	(VOL.) NONE OF		
	DIAL-UP	HIGH SPEED	DSL	CABLE MODEM	WIRELESS	FIBER OPTIC	T-1	BROAD- BAND	BAND COMBO	NET ACCESS	CELL ONLY	THE ABOVE	DK	REF.
Dec 2008 [N=1,538]	13	80	30	32	15	3	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	5	
Nov 2008 [N=1,481]	12	82	33	34	13	3	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	5	
Aug 2008 [N=1,543]	13	81	37	30	10	3	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	5	
July 2008 [N=1,797]	14	81	35	30	13	3	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	4	
May 2008 [N=1,463]	15	79	36	31	9	2	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	5	
Dec 2007 [N=1,483]	18	77	34	31	10	2	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	3	
Sept 2007 [N=1,575]	20	73	34	30	8	2	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	6	
Feb 2007 [N=1,406]	23	70	35	28	6	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	6	
Aug 2006 [N=1,787]	28	68	34	30	3	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	3	
Dec 2005 [N=1,715]	35	61	29	27	4	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	3	
June 2005 [N=1,204]	44	53	24	25	3	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	1	
Feb 2005 [N=1,287]	47	50	22	25	3	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	3	
Jan 2005 [N=1,261]	48	50	21	26	2	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	1	
Feb 2004 [N=1,241]	55	42	18	23	1	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	2	
Nov 2003 [N=1,199]	62	35	13	21	1	*	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	2	

Q3 Does ANYONE in your household use the internet at home or send and receive email at home?<sup>6</sup>

Based on non-internet users [N=357]

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	REFUSED
Current	23	76	1	0
May 2010	16	82	2	0
April 2009	13	85	1	*
December 2007 <sup>7</sup>	21	79	*	
June 2005	15	83	1	
February 2005	16	83	1	
January 2005	18	81	1	
November 23-30, 2004	21	77	1	
December 2002	23	75	1	
November 2002	18	80	1	
October 2002	22	77	2	
September 2002	22	76	2	
July 2002	21	77	1	
March/May 2002	20	79	1	

Q4 Did you EVER at some point regularly use the internet or email, but have since stopped for some reason?<sup>8</sup>

Based on non-internet users [N=357]

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	REFUSED
Current	14	86	0	0
May 2010	22	78	*	0
April 2009	21	78	*	*
December 2007 <sup>9</sup>	18	82	0	
May/June 2005	17	82	1	
February 2005	17	82	1	
January 2005	15	85	*	
December 2002	18	81	*	
March/May 2002	17	83	1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Prior to January 2005, question wording was "Does anyone in your household go online from home to access the Internet or World Wide Web or to send and receive e-mail?"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> In December 2007, question was asked only of landline non-internet users [n=409].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Prior to May 2013, question wording was "Did you EVER at some point use the internet or email, but have since stopped for some reason?"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> In December 2007, question was asked only of landline non-internet users [n=409].

#### Would you like to start using the internet or email (again), or is that not something Q5 you're interested in?

Based on non-internet users [N=357]

	YES, INTERESTED	NO, NOT INTERESTED	DON'T KNOW	REFUSED
Current	8	92	*	0
May 2010	10	89	1	0
April 2009	11	86	2	1
December 2007 <sup>10</sup>	10	89	1	
March/May 2002	14	84	2	

### What is the MAIN reason you don't use the internet or email? [DO NOT READ; Q6 PRECODED OPEN-END]

Based on non-internet users [N=357]

	CURRENT		MAY 2010	APRIL 2009	DEC 2007 <sup>11</sup>
%	21	Just not interested	31	22	33
	13	Don't have a computer	12	5	4
	10	Too difficult/frustrating	9	7	9
	8	Too old to learn	4	2	3
	8	Don't know how/Don't have skills	2	2	2
	7	Don't have access	6	16	12
	6	Too expensive	10	10	7
	6	Don't need it / Don't want it	4	6	n/a
	4	Think it's a waste of time	7	4	7
	4	Physically unable (e.g. poor eyesight or disabled)	2	1	3
	3	Too busy/Just don't have the time	6	4	6
	3	Worried about privacy / viruses / spam / spyware / hackers	n/a	n/a	n/a
	*	Worried about scams	n/a	n/a	n/a
	n/a	Worried about computer viruses	1	1	1
	n/a	Worried about spam	*	0	*
	n/a	Worried about spyware	*	0	*
	n/a	Worried about adware	0	0	0
	7	Other (SPECIFY)	5	13	9
	1	Don't know	1	2	2
	*	Refused	*	4	

In December 2007, question was asked only of landline non-internet users [n=409]. In December 2007, question was asked only of landline non-internet users [n=409].

Q7 If you wanted to start using the internet or email (again), do you feel that you know enough about computers and technology to be able to do that on your own, or would you need someone to help you?

Based on non-internet users [N=357]

	CURRENT		MAY 2010
%	17	Know enough to go online (again) on my own	21
	63	Would need someone to help me	61
	13	Would not want to start using internet (VOL.)	14
	3	Don't know	3
	3	Refused	1

There is no Question Q8.

Q9 Have you ever asked a friend or family member to look something up or complete a task on the internet for you, or have you never done this?

Based on non-internet users [N=357]

	CURRENT	
%	44	Yes, have asked
	55	No, have never done this
	*	Don't know
	*	Refused

## **Methods**

This report is based on the findings of a survey on Americans' use of the Internet. The results in this report are based on data from telephone interviews conducted by Princeton Survey Research Associates International from April 17 to May 19, 2013, among a sample of 2,252 adults, age 18 and older. Telephone interviews were conducted in English and Spanish by landline (1,125) and cell phone (1,127, including 571 without a landline phone). For results based on the total sample, one can say with 95% confidence that the error attributable to sampling is plus or minus 2.3 percentage points. For results based on Internet users12 (n=1,895), the margin of sampling error is plus or minus 2.5 percentage points. In addition to sampling error, question wording and practical difficulties in conducting telephone surveys may introduce some error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.

A combination of landline and cellular random digit dial (RDD) samples was used to represent all adults in the United States who have access to either a landline or cellular telephone. Both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International, LLC (SSI) according to PSRAI specifications. Numbers for the landline sample were drawn with equal probabilities from active blocks (area code + exchange + two-digit block number) that contained three or more residential directory listings. The cellular sample was not list-assisted, but was drawn through a systematic sampling from dedicated wireless 100-blocks and shared service 100-blocks with no directory-listed landline numbers.

New sample was released daily and was kept in the field for at least five days. The sample was released in replicates, which are representative subsamples of the larger population. This ensures that complete call procedures were followed for the entire sample. At least 7 attempts were made to complete an interview at a sampled telephone number. The calls were staggered over times of day and days of the week to maximize the chances of making contact with a potential respondent. Each number received at least one daytime call in an attempt to find someone available. For the landline sample, interviewers asked to speak with the youngest adult male or female currently at home based on a random rotation. If no male/female was available, interviewers asked to speak with the youngest adult of the other gender. For the cellular sample, interviews were conducted with the person who answered the phone. Interviewers verified that the person was an adult and in a safe place before administering the survey. Cellular sample respondents were offered a post-paid cash incentive for their participation. All interviews completed on any given day were considered to be the final sample for that day.

Weighting is generally used in survey analysis to compensate for sample designs and patterns of non-response that might bias results. A two-stage weighting procedure was used to weight this dual-frame sample. The first-stage corrected for different probabilities of selection associated with the number of adults in each household and each respondent's telephone usage patterns.13 This weighting also adjusts for the overlapping landline and cell sample frames and the relative sizes of each frame and each sample.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Internet user definition includes those who use the internet or email at least occasionally or access the internet on a mobile handheld device at least occasionally.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> i.e., whether respondents have only a landline telephone, only a cell phone, or both kinds of telephone.

The second stage of weighting balances sample demographics to population parameters. The sample is balanced to match national population parameters for sex, age, education, race, Hispanic origin, region (U.S. Census definitions), population density, and telephone usage. The Hispanic origin was split out based on nativity; U.S born and non-U.S. born. The basic weighting parameters came from the US Census Bureau's 2011 American Community Survey data. The population density parameter was derived from Census 2010 data. The telephone usage parameter came from an analysis of the January-June 2012 National Health Interview Survey.

Following is the full disposition of all sampled telephone numbers:

Sample Disposition				
<u>Landline</u>	<u>Cell</u>	_		
41,291	24,698	Total Numbers Dialed		
1,755	411	Non-residential		
1,516	88	Computer/Fax		
12		Cell phone		
24,344	9,674	Other not working		
2,038	226	Additional projected not working		
11,626	14,299	Working numbers		
28.2%	57.9%	Working Rate		
679	75	No Answer / Busy		
3,442	3,668	Voice Mail		
41	16	Other Non-Contact		
7,464	10,540	Contacted numbers		
64.2%	73.7%	Contact Rate		
450	1,537	Callback		
5,786	7,097	Refusal		
1,228	1,906	Cooperating numbers		
16.5%	18.1%	Cooperation Rate		
45	68	Language Barrier		
	684	Child's cell phone		
1,183	1,154	Eligible numbers		
96.3%	60.5%	Eligibility Rate		
58_	27	Break-off		
1,125	1,127	Completes		
95.1%	97.7%	Completion Rate		
40.004	10.051	D D :		
10.0%	13.0%	Response Rate		

The disposition reports all of the sampled telephone numbers ever dialed from the original telephone number samples. The response rate estimates the fraction of all eligible respondents in the sample that were ultimately interviewed. At PSRAI it is calculated by taking the product of three component rates:

• Contact rate – the proportion of working numbers where a request for interview was made

- **Cooperation rate** the proportion of contacted numbers where a consent for interview was at least initially obtained, versus those refused
- Completion rate the proportion of initially cooperating and eligible interviews that were completed

Thus the response rate for the landline sample was 10 percent. The response rate for the cellular sample was 13 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> December 2012 trends based on the 2012 Post-Election Tracking Survey, conducted November 14—December 9, 2012 [N=2,261, including 908 cell phone interviews].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>ii</sup> August 2012 trends based on the "Civic Engagement Tracking Survey" conducted July 16–August 7, 2012 [N=2,253, including 900 cell phone interviews].

January 2011 trends based on the Pew Internet Project/Project for Excellence in Journalism/Knight Foundation "Local News survey," conducted January 12-25, 2011 [N=2,251, including 750 cell phone interviews].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>iv</sup> December 2010 trends based on the Social Side of the Internet survey, conducted November 23–December 21, 2010 [N=2,303, including 748 cell phone interviews].

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm v}$  November 2010 trends based on the Post-Election Tracking Survey 2010, conducted November 3-24, 2010 [N=2,257, including 755 cell phone interviews].

vi January 2010 trends based on the Online News survey, conducted December 28, 2009 – January 19, 2010 [N=2,259, including 562 cell phone interviews].

vii December 2009 trends based on the Fall Tracking "E-Government" survey, conducted November 30 – December 27, 2009 [N=2,258, including 565 cell phone interviews].

viii November 2008 trends based on the Post-Election 2008 Tracking survey, conducted November 20-December 4, 2008 [N=2,254].

ix August 2008 trends based on the August Tracking 2008 survey, conducted August 12-31, 2008 [N=2,251].

<sup>\*</sup> July 2008 trends based on the Personal Networks and Community survey, conducted July 9-August 10, 2008 [N=2,512, including 505 cell phone interviews]

xi May 2008 trends based on the Spring Tracking 2008 survey, conducted April 8-May 11, 2008 [N=2,251].

xii April 2008 trends based on the Networked Workers survey, conducted March 27-April 14, 2008. Most questions were asked only of full- or part-time workers [N=1,000], but trend results shown here reflect the total sample [N=2,134].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>xiii</sup> January 2008 trends based on the Networked Families survey, conducted December 13, 2007-January 13, 2008 [N=2,252].

xiv December 2007 trends based on the Annual Gadgets survey, conducted October 24-December 2, 2007 [N=2,054, including 500 cell phone interviews].

xv September 2007 trends based on the Consumer Choice survey, conducted August 3-September 5, 2007 [N=2,400, oversample of 129 cell phone users].

xvi February 2007 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted February 15-March 7, 2007 [N=2,200].

xvii December 2006 trends based on daily tracking survey, conducted November 30 - December 30, 2006 [N=2,373].

November 2006 trends based on Post-Election tracking survey, conducted Nov. 8-Dec. 4, 2006 [N=2,562]. This includes an RDD sample [N=2,362] and a cell phone only sample [N=200]. Results reflect combined samples, where applicable.

xix August 2006 trends based on daily tracking survey, conducted August 1-31, 2006 [N=2,928].

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xx April 2006 trends based on the Annual Gadgets survey, conducted Feb. 15-Apr. 6, 2006 [N=4,001].
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xxi February 2006 trends based on the Exploratorium Survey, conducted Jan. 9-Feb. 6, 2006 [N=2,000].

xxii December 2005 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted Nov. 29-Dec. 31, 2005 [N=3,011].

xxiii September 2005 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted Sept. 14-Oct.13, 2005 [N=2,251].

xxiv June 2005 trends based on the Spyware Survey, conducted May 4-June 7, 2005 [N=2,001].

xxv February 2005 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted Feb. 21-March 21, 2005 [N=2,201].

xxvi January 2005 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted Jan. 13-Feb.9, 2005 [N=2,201].

xxvii November 23-30, 2004 trends based on the November 2004 Activity Tracking Survey, conducted November 23-30, 2004 [N=914].

xxviii November 2004 trends based on the November Post-Election Tracking Survey, conducted Nov 4-Nov 22, 2004 [N=2,200].

xxix July 2004 trends based on the "Selective Exposure" survey, conducted June 14-July 3, 2004 [N=1,510].

xxx June 2004 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted May 14-June 17, 2004 [N=2,200].

xxxii March 2004 trends based on "Weak Ties" survey conducted February 17-March 17, 2004 [N=2,200].

xxxii February 2004 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted February 3-March 1, 2004 [N=2,204].

xxxiii November 2003 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted November 18-December 14, 2003 [N=2,013].

xxxiv August 2003 trends based on 'E-Government' survey conducted June 25-August 3, 2003 [N=2,925].

xxxv June 2003 trends based on 'Internet Spam' survey conducted June 10-24, 2003 [N=2,200].

xxxvi May 2003 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted April 29-May 20, 2003 [N=1,632].

xxxxiii March 3-11, 2003 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted March 3-11, 2003 [N=743].

xxxviii February 2003 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted February 12-March 2, 2003 [N=1.611].

xxxiix December 2002 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted Nov. 25–Dec. 22, 2002 [N=2,038].

xl November 2002 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted October 28-November 24, 2002 [N=2,745].

xii October 2002 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted October 7-27, 2002 [N=1,677].

xiii September 2002 trends based on daily tracking survey conducted September 9-October 6, 2002 [N=2,092].

xiiii July 2002 trends based on 'Sept. 11<sup>th</sup>-The Impact Online' survey conducted June 26-July 26, 2002 [N=2,501].

xliv March/May 2002 trends based on daily tracking surveys conducted March 1-31, 2002 and May 2-19, 2002.

xiv January 2002 trends based on a daily tracking survey conducted January 3-31, 2002.

xlvi December 2001 trends represent a total tracking period of December 1-23, 2001 [N=3,214]. This tracking period based on daily tracking surveys conducted December 17-23, 2001 and November 19-December 16, 2001.

November 2001 trends represent a total tracking period of November 1-30, 2001 [N=2,119]. This tracking period based on daily tracking surveys conducted October 19 – November 18, 2001 and November 19 – December 16, 2001.

viviii October 2001 trends represent a total tracking period of October 1-31, 2001 [N=1,924]. This tracking period based on daily tracking surveys conducted September 20 – October 1, 2001, October 2-7, 2001, October 8-18, 2001, and October 19 – November 18, 2001.

xlix September 2001 trends represent a total tracking period of September 1-30, 2001 [N=742]. This tracking period based on daily tracking surveys conducted August 13-September 10, 2001, September 12-19, 2001 and September 20 – October 1, 2001.

<sup>|</sup> August 2001 trends represent a total tracking period of August 13-31, 2001 [N=1,505]. This tracking period based on a daily tracking survey conducted August 13-September 10, 2001

February 2001 trends based on a daily tracking survey conducted February 1, 2001-March 1, 2001 [N=2,096].

lii December 2000 trends based on a daily tracking survey conducted December 2-22, 2000 [N=2,383].

liii November 2000 trend<sup>s based on a daily tracking survey conducted</sup> Nov<sup>ember 2</sup> – December 1, 2000 [N=6,321].

liv October 2000 trend<sup>s</sup> based on a daily tracking survey conducted October 2 - Nov<sup>ember</sup> 1, 2000 [N=3,336].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>lv</sup> September 2000 trend<sup>s based on a daily tracking survey conducted September 15 – October 1, 2000 [N=1,302].</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>lvi</sup> August 2000 trends based on a daily tracking survey conducted July 24 – August 20, 2000 [N=2,109].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>Ivii</sup> June 2000 trends based on a daily tracking survey conducted May 2 – June 30, 2000 [N=4,606].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>Iviii</sup> May 2000 trends based on a daily tracking survey conducted March 1 – May 1, 2000 [N=6,036].