# Social Media Update 2014 <br> While Facebook remains the most popular site, other platforms see higher rates of growth 

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## About This Report

The findings reported here were collected in omnibus surveys underwritten by the University of Michigan. The survey questions were designed in consultation with Dr. Nicole Ellison and Dr. Cliff Lampe from the University of Michigan's School of Information. Further reports with more details about how people use social media will be produced later this year.

This report is a collaborative effort based on the input and analysis of the following individuals. Find related reports online at pewresearch.org/internet.

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## Main Findings

In a new survey conducted in September 2014, the Pew Research Center finds that Facebook remains by far the most popular social media site. While its growth has slowed, the level of user engagement with the platform has increased. Other platforms like Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn saw significant increases over the past year in the proportion of online adults who now use their sites.

The results in this report are based on the $81 \%$ of American adults who use the internet. Other key findings:

Social media sites, 2012-2014
\% of online adults who use the following social media websites, by year
$■ 2012$ ■ 2013 ■ 2014


Pew Research Center's Internet Project Surveys, 2012-2014. 2014 data collected September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. N=1,597 internet users ages 18+. PEW RESEARCH CENTER

- Multi-platform use is on the rise: $52 \%$ of online adults now use two or more social media sites, a significant increase from 2013, when it stood at $42 \%$ of internet users.
- For the first time, more than half of all online adults 65 and older (56\%) use Facebook. This represents $31 \%$ of all seniors.
- For the first time, roughly half of internet-using young adults ages 18-29 (53\%) use Instagram. And half of all Instagram users (49\%) use the site daily.
- For the first time, the share of internet users with college educations using LinkedIn reached 50\%.
- Women dominate Pinterest: $42 \%$ of online women now use the platform, compared with $13 \%$ of online men.


## While Facebook remains the most popular social media site, its overall growth has slowed and other sites continue to see increases in usership.

Facebook continues to be the most popular social media site, but its membership saw little change from 2013. The one notable exception is older adults: For the first time in Pew Research findings, more than half (56\%) of internet users ages 65 and older use Facebook. Overall, $71 \%$ of internet users are on Facebook, a proportion that represents no change from August 2013.

Every other social media platform measured saw significant growth between 2013 and 2014. Instagram not only increased its overall user figure by nine percentage points, but also saw significant growth in almost every demographic group. LinkedIn continued to grow among groups with which it was already popular, such as professionals and college graduates, while Twitter and Pinterest saw increases in usership across a variety of demographic groups.

## The engagement of Facebook users continues to grow, while daily use on other platforms shows little change.

Facebook's large base of users continues to be very active. Fully $70 \%$ engage with the site daily (and $45 \%$ do so several times a day), a significant increase from the $63 \%$ who did so in 2013. About half ( $49 \%$ ) of Instagram users and $17 \%$ of Pinterest users engage with their respective platforms daily, although neither of these represent a significant change from 2013. Some $36 \%$ of Twitter users visit the site daily, but this actually represents a 10-point decrease from the $46 \%$ who did so in 2013. While the $13 \%$ of LinkedIn users who engage with the platform daily is unchanged from 2013, the proportion of users who use the site weekly or less often increased significantly-that is, more users log on less frequently.

## 52\% of online adults use multiple social media sites. Facebook acts as "home base" - it remains the most popular site for those who only use one, and has significant overlap with other platforms.

Fully $52 \%$ of online adults use two or more social media sites, a significant increase from the $42 \%$ who did so in 2013. At the same time, significantly fewer adults use just one site $-28 \%$ compared with $36 \%$ last year. As in 2013, Facebook remains the most popular site among those who use only one - fully $79 \%$ of those who use just one site report using Facebook. As in years past, a significant majority of Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn users say they also use Facebook, more than any other site. At the same time, the proportion of Facebook users who also use another site is on the rise - that is, there are more Facebook users this year who also use Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn than there were in 2013.

## Social media users in the entire adult population

The results of this report are focused on all internet users. In this survey, $81 \%$ of all American adults ages 18+ are internet users. The usage figures of the five social networking platforms measured are presented as a proportion of the total American adult population.

## Social media users among all adults

Among all American adults ages 18+, the \% who use the following social media sites
Facebook 58

Linkedln 23
Pinterest 22
Instagram 21
Twitter

## About this survey

The results in this report are based on data from telephone interviews conducted by Princeton

Source: Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. $N=2,003$ adults in the U.S. ages 18+.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER Survey Research Associates International from
September 11 to September 14, 2014 and September 18 to September 21, 2014. Telephone interviews were conducted in English and Spanish by landline ( 1,002 ) and cell phone $(1,001$, including 594 without a landline phone). For results based on the total sample, one can say with $95 \%$ confidence that the error attributable to sampling is plus or minus 2.5 percentage points. For results based on Internet users ( $\mathrm{n}=1,597$ ), the margin of sampling error is plus or minus 2.9 percentage points.

## Demographics of Key Social Networking Platforms

## Facebook - 71\% of adult internet users/58\% of entire adult population

Fully 71\% of online adults use Facebook, a proportion unchanged from August 2013. Usage among seniors continues to increase. Some 56\% of internet users ages 65 and older now use Facebook, up from $45 \%$ who did so in late 2013 and $35 \%$ who did so in late 2012. Women are also particularly likely to use Facebook compared with men, a trend that continues from prior years.

Facebook users were asked additional questions about their friend networks. Among Facebook users, the median number of Facebook friends is 155. When asked to approximate how many of their Facebook friends they considered "actual" friends, the median number reported was 50.

Facebook users also have a wide variety of friends on the network:

- $93 \%$ of Facebook users say they are Facebook friends with family members other than parents or children
- $91 \%$ say they are Facebook friends with current friends
- $87 \%$ say they are connected to friends from the past, such as high school or college classmates
- $58 \%$ say they are connected to work colleagues

Facebook users
Among online adults, the \% who use Facebook

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| All internet users | $71 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| Men | 66 | 66 |
| Women | 76 | 77 |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 71 | 71 |
| Black, Non-Hispanic | 76 | 67 |
| Hispanic | 73 | 73 |
| 18-29 | 84 | 87 |
| 30-49 | 79 | 73 |
| 50-64 | 60 | 63 |
| 65+ | 45 | $56 *$ |
| High school grad or less | 71 | 70 |
| Some college | 75 | 71 |
| College+ (n= 685) | 68 | $74 *$ |
| Less than \$30,000/yr | 76 | 77 |
| \$30,000-\$49,999 | 76 | 69 |
| \$50,000-\$74,999 | 68 | 74 |
| \$75,000+ | 69 | 72 |
| Urban | 75 | 71 |
| Suburban | 69 | 72 |
| Rural | 71 | 69 |

Source: Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. $N=1,597$ internet users ages 18+. The margin of error for all internet users is +/- 2.9 percentage points. 2013 data from Pew Internet August Tracking Survey, August 07 - September 16, 2013, $n=1,445$ internet users ages 18+.

Note: Percentages marked with an asterisk (*) represent a significant change from 2013. Results are significant at the 95\% confidence level using an independent z-test.

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- $45 \%$ say they are Facebook friends with their parents
- $43 \%$ say they are friends with their children on Facebook
- $39 \%$ say they are connected to people they have never met in person
- $36 \%$ say they are Facebook friends with their neighbors


## Twitter - $\mathbf{2 3} \%$ of adult internet users/19\% of entire adult population

Some $23 \%$ of online adults currently use Twitter, a statistically significant increase compared with the $18 \%$ who did so in August 2013. Twitter is particularly popular among those under 50 and the college-educated. Compared with late 2013, the service has seen significant increases among a number of demographic groups: men, whites, those ages 65 and older, those who live in households with an annual household income of \$50,000 or more, college graduates, and urbanites.

| Twitter users |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Among online adults, the \% who use Twitter |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| All internet users | $18 \%$ | $2 \%^{*}$ |
| Men | 17 | $24^{*}$ |
| Women | 18 | 21 |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 16 | 2 * $^{*}$ |
| Black, Non-Hispanic | 29 | 27 |
| Hispanic | 16 | 25 |
| $18-29$ | 31 | 37 |
| $30-49$ | 19 | 25 |
| $50-64$ | 9 | 12 |
| 65+ | 5 | $10^{*}$ |
| High school grad or less | 17 | 16 |
| Some college | 18 | 24 |
| College+ (n= 685) | 18 | $30^{*}$ |
| Less than $\$ 30,000 / y r$ | 17 | 20 |
| $\$ 30,000-\$ 49,999$ | 18 | 21 |
| \$50,000-\$74,999 | 15 | $27^{*}$ |
| $\$ 75,000+$ | 19 | $27^{*}$ |
| Urban | 18 | $25^{*}$ |
| Suburban | 19 | 23 |
| Rural | 11 | 17 |

Source: Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. N=1,597 internet users ages 18+. The margin of error for all internet users is +/- 2.9 percentage points. 2013 data from Pew Internet August Tracking Survey, August 07 - September 16, 2013, n= 1,445 internet users ages 18+.

Note: Percentages marked with an asterisk (*) represent a significant change from 2013.
Results are significant at the 95\% confidence level using an independent z-test.
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## Instagram - $\mathbf{2 6 \%}$ of adult internet users/21\% of entire adult population

Some $26 \%$ of online adults use Instagram, up from $17 \%$ in late 2013. Almost every demographic group saw a significant increase in the proportion of users. Most notably, $53 \%$ of young adults ages 18-29 now use the service, compared with $37 \%$ who did so in 2013. Besides young adults, women are particularly likely to be on Instagram, along with Hispanics and African-Americans, and those who live in urban or suburban environments.

Instagram users
Among online adults, the \% who use Instagram

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| All internet users | $17 \%$ | $26 \%^{*}$ |
| Men | 15 | $22^{*}$ |
| Women | 20 | $29^{*}$ |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 12 | $21^{*}$ |
| Black, Non-Hispanic | 34 | 38 |
| Hispanic | 23 | $34^{*}$ |
| $18-29$ | 37 | $53^{*}$ |
| $30-49$ | 18 | $25^{*}$ |
| $50-64$ | 6 | $11^{*}$ |
| $65+$ | 1 | $6 *$ |
| High school grad or less | 16 | $23^{*}$ |
| Some college | 21 | $31^{*}$ |
| College+ (n=685) | 15 | $24^{*}$ |
| Less than \$30,000/yr | 18 | $28^{*}$ |
| \$30,000-\$49,999 | 20 | 23 |
| \$50,000-\$74,999 | 15 | $26^{*}$ |
| \$75,000+ | 16 | $26^{*}$ |
| Urban | 22 | 28 |
| Suburban | 18 | $26^{*}$ |
| Rural | 6 | $19^{*}$ |

Source: Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. N=1,597 internet users ages 18+. The margin of error for all internet users is +/- 2.9 percentage points. 2013 data from Pew Internet August Tracking Survey, August 07 - September 16, 2013, n= 1,445 internet users ages 18+.

Note: Percentages marked with an asterisk (*) represent a significant change from 2013.
Results are significant at the $95 \%$ confidence level using an independent $z$-test.
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## Pinterest - $\mathbf{2 8} \%$ of adult internet users/ $\mathbf{2 2 \%}$ of entire adult population

Some $28 \%$ of online adults use Pinterest, up from the $21 \%$ who did so in August 2013. Women continue to dominate the site, as they did in 2013: fully $42 \%$ of online women are Pinterest users, compared with just $13 \%$ of men (although men did see a significant increase in usership from $8 \%$ in 2013). While Pinterest remains popular among younger users, there was an 11-point increase between 2013 and 2014 in the proportion of those 50 and older who use the site. Other demographic groups that saw a notable increase in usership include whites, those living in the lowest- and highest-income households, those with at least some college experience, and suburban and rural residents.

## Pinterest users

Among online adults, the \% who use Pinterest

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| All internet users | $21 \%$ | $28 \%^{*}$ |
| Men | 8 | $13^{*}$ |
| Women | 33 | $42^{*}$ |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 21 | $32^{*}$ |
| Black, Non-Hispanic | 20 | 12 |
| Hispanic | 18 | 21 |
| 18-29 | 27 | 34 |
| $30-49$ | 24 | 28 |
| $50-64$ | 14 | $27^{*}$ |
| $65+$ | 9 | $17 *$ |
| High school grad or less | 17 | 22 |
| Some college | 20 | $30 *$ |
| College+ (n= 685) | 25 | $32^{*}$ |
| Less than \$30,000/yr | 15 | $22^{*}$ |
| \$30,000-\$49,999 | 21 | 28 |
| \$50,000-\$74,999 | 21 | 30 |
| $\$ 75,000+$ | 27 | $34 *$ |
| Urban | 19 | 25 |
| Suburban | 23 | $29 *$ |
| Rural | 17 | $30 *$ |

[^0]
## LinkedIn - $\mathbf{2 8} \%$ of adult internet users/23\% of entire adult population

Some 28\% of online adults are LinkedIn users, up from 22\% in August 2013. The site continues to be particularly popular among college graduates, those in higher-income households and the employed (although the increase in usage by those who are not employed to $21 \%$ from $12 \%$ in 2013 is notable). College graduates continue to dominate use of the site. Fully 50\% use LinkedIn, a 12point increase since last year. It is the only platform where those ages 30-64 are more likely to be users than those ages 18-29.

## LinkedIn users

Among online adults, the \% who use LinkedIn

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| All internet users | 22 | $28 \%^{*}$ |
| Men | 24 | 28 |
| Women | 19 | $27^{*}$ |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 22 | $29^{*}$ |
| Black, Non-Hispanic | 30 | 28 |
| Hispanic | 13 | 18 |
| 18-29 | 15 | $23^{*}$ |
| $30-49$ | 27 | 31 |
| $50-64$ | 24 | 30 |
| $65+$ | 13 | $21^{*}$ |
| High school grad or less | 12 | 12 |
| Some college | 16 | 22 |
| College+ | 38 | $50^{*}$ |
| Less than \$30,000/yr | 12 | 15 |
| \$30,000-\$49,999 | 13 | $21^{*}$ |
| \$50,000-\$74,999 | 22 | 31 |
| $\$ 75,000+$ | 38 | 44 |
| Employed | 27 | $32^{*}$ |
| Not employed | 12 | $21^{*}$ |
| Urban | 23 | $32^{*}$ |
| Suburban | 26 | 29 |
| Rural | 8 | 14 |

[^1]
## Frequency of Social Media Use

As in 2013, Pew Research asked users of each platform how often they engage with the site, whether on a daily, weekly or less frequent basis. Facebook users continue to be highly engaged, while the proportion of daily Twitter users decreased, and users of Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn mostly log on with similar frequency compared with last year.

Facebook users are highly engaged with the platform. Fully 70\% say they use Facebook daily (including $45 \%$ who do so several times a day), a significant increase from the $63 \%$ who visited daily in August 2013. Some 17\% visit Facebook weekly, while $12 \%$ of users log on less often.

Most Facebook users are actively engaging with their networks on the site. As opposed to simply reading or viewing content, $65 \%$ of Facebook users frequently or sometimes share, post or comment on Facebook.

Almost half (49\%) of Instagram users are on the platform daily, with $32 \%$ who say they go on Instagram several times a day. Another $24 \%$ say they check in weekly, while $26 \%$ visit Instagram less often than that. There were no significant changes since August 2013 in the proportion of Instagram users who use the site with varying degrees of frequency.

## Frequency of social media site use

$\%$ of social media site users who use a particular site with the following frequencies (\% is reported among each specific site's user groups, e.g., 70\% of Facebook users use the site on a daily basis)


Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. $N=1,597$ internet users ages 18+.

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Some $36 \%$ of Twitter users visit the site daily, with $22 \%$ saying they go on Twitter several times a day. Another $24 \%$ say they visit a few days a week, while $40 \%$ say they check Twitter less often. The proportion of Twitter users who visit the site daily is a significant decrease from the $46 \%$ of users who did so in August 2013.

Some $17 \%$ of Pinterest users visit the site daily, including $9 \%$ who visit several times a day. Some $29 \%$ of users go on Pinterest weekly, while $52 \%$ say they visit the site less often. There were no significant differences since 2013 in the proportion of users who use Pinterest with varying degrees of frequency.

Some $13 \%$ of LinkedIn users visit the site every day, including $7 \%$ who say they visit LinkedIn several times a day. Compared with August 2013, more users log on less often. The proportion of LinkedIn users who visit the site weekly dropped from 34\% in August 2013 to 25\% in 2014. Likewise, $61 \%$ of LinkedIn users say they visit the site every few weeks or less often, compared with $52 \%$ who said so in 2013.

## Multiple site usage: The new social media matrix

Today, more than half of internet users (52\%) use two or more of the social media sites measured (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest, and LinkedIn) compared with 42\% who did so in 2013.

Facebook remains the most popular platform for those using just one social media site-fully $79 \%$ of those who use just one site report using Facebook. As in 2013, a significant majority of Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn users say they also use Facebook, more than any other site. At the low end, $86 \%$

## More people use multiple sites

\% of internet users who use the following number of social networking sites (sites measured include: Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn), 2013 vs. 2014


Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. $N=1,597$.
PEW RESEARCH CENTER of LinkedIn users are also on Facebook. At the high end, $94 \%$ of Instagram users use Facebook (Instagram's parent company).

The proportion of Facebook users who also use another platform increased significantly since August 2013 for each platform. That is, there are more Facebook users this year who also use

Twitter, Instagram, Pinterest and LinkedIn than there were last year. Similarly, there are more LinkedIn users who use Twitter, Instagram and Pinterest than there were in 2013. Finally, there are more Pinterest users on Instagram and LinkedIn than in 2013. These increases likely reflect the overall trend toward multiple-site use described above.

Turning to sites other than Facebook, a significant level of

## Social media matrix

$\%$ of users of each particular site who use another particular site (e.g., 34\% of Pinterest users also use Twitter)

|  | Use <br> Twitter | Use <br> Instagram | Use <br> \% of Twitter <br> users who ... | - | $58 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | Use |
| :---: |$\quad$| Use |
| :---: |
| LinkedIn | Facebook

Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER overlap exists between Instagram and Twitter users- $58 \%$ of Twitter users also use Instagram, and $52 \%$ of Instagram users also use Twitter. Among non-Facebook sites, this is the highest rate of "reciprocity" between user groups measured.

## Survey Questions

## September Combined Omnibus Survey 2014

Data for September 11-14, 2014 and September 18-21, 2014
Princeton Survey Research Associates International for the Pew Research Center

Sample: $\mathrm{n}=2,003$ national adults, age 18 and older, including 1,001 cell phone interviews
Interviewing dates: 09.11.2014-09.14.2014 and 09.18.14-09.21.14
Margin of error is plus or minus 2.5 percentage points for results based on Total [ $n=2,003$ ]
Margin of error is plus or minus 2.9 percentage points for results based on all internet users [ $\mathrm{n}=1,597$ ]

WEB1-A Next... Please tell me if you ever use the internet to do any of the following things. Do you ever use the internet to...[INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE; ALWAYS ASK ABOUT FACEBOOK LAST]? ${ }^{1}$

Based on all internet users [ $\mathrm{N}=1,597]$


Use Twitter
Current
August 2013
May 2013
December 2012
August 2012
February 2012
August 2011
May 2011
January 2011
December 2010
November 2010
23
18
18
16
16
15
12
13
10
12
8
Use Instagram
${ }^{1}$ Prior to January 2005, question wording was "Please tell me if you ever do any of the following when you go online. Do you ever...[ITEM]?" Unless otherwise noted, trends are based on all internet users for that survey.

| Current | 26 | n/a | 74 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| August 2013 | 17 | n/a | 82 | $*$ | 0 |
| December 2012 | 13 | n/a | 87 | $*$ | 0 |
| August 2-5, 2012 | 12 | n/a | 88 | 1 | 0 |
| Pinterest |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 28 | n/a | 72 | $*$ | 0 |
| August 2013 | 21 | n/a | 77 | 2 | $*$ |
| December 2012 | 15 | n/a | 83 | 2 | 0 |
| August 2-5, 2012 | 12 | n/a | 87 | 1 | $*$ |
| LinkedIn |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 28 | n/a | 72 | $*$ | 0 |
| August 2013 | 22 | n/a | 77 | 1 | $*$ |
| Facebook |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 71 | n/a | 28 | 0 | $*$ |
| August 2013 | 71 | n/a | 29 | 0 | 0 |
| December 13-16, 2012ii | 67 | n/a | 33 | 0 | $*$ |

SNS2 Thinking about the social networking sites you use... About how often do you visit or use [INSERT ITEMS; RANDOMIZE]? Several times a day, about once a day, a few days a week ${ }^{3}$, every few weeks or less often?


Item A: Based on
Twitter users [ $N=323]$
a. Twitter

| Current | 22 | 14 |  | 24 |  | 15 | 25 | $*$ | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| August 2013 | 29 | 17 | 10 |  | 11 | 12 | 20 | 1 | 0 |
| Em B: Based on |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| stagram users |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

b. Instagram

| Current | 32 | 17 |  | 24 |  | 10 | 16 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| August 2013 | 35 | 22 | 11 |  | 10 | 6 | 15 | 1 | 0 |

Item C: Based on
Pinterest users [ $N=398$ ]
c. Pinterest

| Current | 9 | 8 | 29 | 25 | 26 | 1 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^2]| August 2013 | 11 | 13 | 10 |  | 20 | 21 | 24 | 1 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item D: Based on |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LinkedIn users [ $N=463$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| d. LinkedIn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 7 | 6 |  | 25 |  | 31 | 30 | 1 | * |
| August 2013 | 5 | 8 | 15 |  | 19 | 27 | 25 | * | * |
| Item E: Based on |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Facebook users |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| [ $N=1,074$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| e. Facebook |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 45 | 25 |  | 17 |  | 6 | 6 | * | * |
| August 2013 | 40 | 24 | 10 |  | 13 | 6 | 8 | * | 0 |

FB1 Thinking about your use of Facebook... Approximately how many TOTAL Facebook friends do you have? [Record exact number]

Among Facebook users [ $\mathrm{n}=1,074$ ]

| CURRENT |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| \% |  |  |
| No friends | 1 |  |
|  | $1-100$ | 39 |
|  | $101-250$ | 19 |
|  | 251-500 | 22 |
|  | More than 500 | 14 |
|  | Don't know | 4 |
|  | Refused | 1 |

FB2 Approximately how many of your TOTAL Facebook friends do you consider actual friends? [Record exact number]

Among Facebook users [ $\mathrm{n}=1,074$ ]

| CURRENT |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| None | 2 |  |
|  | $1-100$ | 71 |
|  | $101-250$ | 13 |
|  | 251-500 | 7 |
|  | More than 500 | 2 |
|  | Don't know | 3 |
|  | Refused | 1 |

FB3 How often, if ever, do you share, post or comment on Facebook as opposed to reading or viewing content? Among Facebook users [ $\mathrm{n}=1,074$ ]

| CURRENT |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequently | 27 |
| Sometimes | 39 |
| Hardly ever | 28 |
| Never | 7 |
| Don't know | $*$ |
| Refused | $*$ |

FB4 Thinking about who is in your Facebook network, are you Facebook friends with... [INSERT ITEM; RANDOMIZE EXCEPT e. AND f. ALWAYS TOGETHER; c. ALWAYS AFTER a. OR b.]? How about [INSERT NEXT ITEM]?

Among Facebook users [ $\mathrm{n}=1,074$ ]

|  | YES | No | DOESNT APPLY | DONT KNOW | REFUSED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Your parents |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 45 | 49 | 5 | * | * |
| b. Your children |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 43 | 41 | 16 | * | * |
| c. Other family members |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 93 | 7 | * | 0 | * |
| d. Work colleagues Current | 58 | 37 | 4 | 0 | * |
| e. Friends from the past, such as high school or college |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 87 | 13 | 0 | * | * |
| f. Current friends |  |  |  |  |  |
| g. Neighbors |  |  |  |  |  |
| h. People you have never met in person |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 39 | 61 | 0 | 0 | * |

## Survey Methodology

The PSRAI September 2014 Omnibus Weeks 2 and 3 obtained telephone interviews with a nationally representative sample of 2,003 adults living in the continental United States. Telephone interviews were conducted by landline (1,002) and cell phone (1,001, including 594 without a landline phone). The survey was conducted by Princeton Survey Research Associates International (PSRAI). Interviews were done in English and Spanish by Princeton Data Source from September 11 to 14, 2014 and September 18 to 21, 2014. Statistical results are weighted to correct known demographic discrepancies. The margin of sampling error for the complete set of weighted data is $\pm 2.5$ percentage points.

[^3]
[^0]:    Source: Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. N=1,597 internet users ages 18+. 2013 data from Pew Internet August Tracking Survey, August 07 - September 16, 2013, n= 1,445 internet users ages 18+.
    Note: Percentages marked with an asterisk (*) represent a significant change from 2013.
    Results are significant at the 95\% confidence level using an independent z-test.
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[^1]:    Source: Pew Research Center's Internet Project September Combined Omnibus Survey, September 11-14 \& September 18-21, 2014. N=1,597 internet users ages 18+. 2013 data from Pew Internet August Tracking Survey, August 07 - September 16, 2013, n= 1,445 internet users ages 18+.
    Note: Percentages marked with an asterisk (*) represent a significant change from 2013. Results are significant at the 95\% confidence level using an independent z-test.

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[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ December 13-16, 2012 trend was asked of all internet users as a standalone question: "Do you ever use Facebook?"
    ${ }^{3}$ In August 2013, the response options were " $3-5$ days a week" and "1-2 days a week". These differences are denoted in the table.

[^3]:    ${ }^{i}$ August 2-5, 2012 trends based on an omnibus survey conducted August 2-5, 2012 [ $\mathrm{N}=1,005$, including 405 cell phone interviews]. Omnibus survey not conducted as a tracking survey.
    ${ }^{\text {ii }}$ December 13-16, 2012 trends based on an omnibus survey conducted December 13-16, 2012 [ $\mathrm{N}=1,006$, including 405 cell phone interviews]. Omnibus survey not conducted as a tracking survey.

