British Divided on Brexit Impact as New Elections Loom

Public split on whether to trust current national government

By Jacob Poushter
About Pew Research Center

Pew Research Center is a nonpartisan fact tank that informs the public about the issues, attitudes and trends shaping America and the world. It does not take policy positions. The Center conducts public opinion polling, demographic research, content analysis and other data-driven social science research. It studies U.S. politics and policy; journalism and media; internet, science and technology; religion and public life; Hispanic trends; global attitudes and trends; and U.S. social and demographic trends. All of the center’s reports are available at www.pewresearch.org. Pew Research Center is a subsidiary of The Pew Charitable Trusts, its primary funder.

© Pew Research Center 2017
British Divided on Brexit Impact as New Elections Loom

Public split on whether to trust current national government

British Prime Minister Theresa May has called a “snap” election for June 8, the first general election since the June 2016 referendum in which the public narrowly voted in favor of a British exit, or Brexit, from the European Union. A new Pew Research Center survey finds that the British public is divided over the impact Brexit will have on their country.

British divided on Brexit and trust in the national government, but Conservative Party supporters say Brexit will be good for UK and trust their leaders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Do you think the UK leaving the European Union will be a good thing or a bad thing for the UK?</th>
<th>How much do you trust the national government to do what is right for the United Kingdom?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>Bad thing</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48%</td>
<td>44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Conservative Party</strong></td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Labour Party</strong></td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Liberal Democrats</strong></td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Spring 2017 Global Attitudes Survey, Q4 & Q48b.

Nearly half (48%) say Brexit will be bad for the UK, compared with almost as many (44%) who say the decision to leave the EU will benefit their nation. Similar to the June referendum, optimistic attitudes toward Brexit are most frequently expressed by people who are 50 or older, have a secondary education or less, and are partial to political parties on the right, including the Conservative (Tory) Party and the United Kingdom Independence Party (UKIP).

Political observers have suggested that Prime Minister May called early elections in order to increase the number of Conservative Party seats in Parliament, thus strengthening her ability to negotiate with the EU over Brexit terms. Currently the British government receives mixed reviews.
from average citizens: 49% of Brits say they can trust the national government somewhat or a lot, and 48% say they have little or no confidence in the government to do the right thing for the UK.

On both the impact of Brexit and trust in government, British opinion divides along party lines. Supporters of May’s Conservative Party are more optimistic about the UK’s post-Brexit future than backers of either Labour or the Liberal Democrats. Those with a favorable opinion of the UKIP, which realized its long-standing dream of the UK’s separation from the EU, are especially likely to say that Brexit will be good for the country.

These are among the key findings from a Pew Research Center survey in the UK, conducted among 1,066 respondents from March 6 to April 3, 2017. All interviews were conducted before May called the election on April 18 and before the May 22 Manchester bombing; 713 were conducted before the March 22 Westminster terrorist attack.

**Divisions over Brexit remain entrenched**

The contours of optimism and pessimism regarding Brexit’s impact on the UK closely reflect the vote itself, with sharp divides by age and education.

Men are somewhat more convinced than women that Brexit will be a good thing. But an even larger generational divide exists, with only one-quarter of Brits ages 18 to 29 convinced Brexit will be good for their country, compared with 54% who say this among people 50 and older.

Those with less than a postsecondary education and people with lower incomes are much more likely to say that Brexit will be a good thing for Britain, compared with those who have more education and higher incomes.

And despite a dramatic difference in how the English and Scottish voted in the June 2016
referendum, today Scots are just as likely as those who live in England to say that Brexit will be a good thing for the UK (44%).

People who back the Conservative Party are much more optimistic about their country’s post-Brexit future than supporters of the Labour or Liberal Democratic parties, who are on the left of the political spectrum. More than six-in-ten Conservative backers (63%) think that leaving the EU will be good for the UK, while only around a third (34%) of Labour supporters and a scant 16% of Liberal Democrats agree.

**Brits split on trust in the national government**

When it comes to trusting the UK government, people in Britain are evenly divided. Roughly half say that they trust the national government a lot or somewhat, and virtually the same number say they trust the government not much or not at all. Only 14% of the British public trusts the government a lot, while two-in-ten say they do not trust the government at all.

Confidence in the national government is concentrated among people on the political right, with 62% saying they trust the national government to do what is right a lot or somewhat. Only 36% of people on the political left say the same.

About three-quarters of Conservative Party supporters (76%) say they trust the national government at least somewhat, compared with 45% of Liberal Democrat backers and 42% of Labour supporters.

Confidence in government is also slightly higher among people with more education, compared to people with less education (53% vs. 46%).
UKIP backers more optimistic about Brexit

The most optimistic expectations for a post-Brexit future are expressed by those with a favorable opinion of the UKIP. About three-quarters (74%) of this group say Brexit will be good for the UK.

People with a favorable view of UKIP, however, are no more likely than UKIP critics to express confidence in the current national government (49% each).
Acknowledgments

This report is a collaborative effort based on the input and analysis of the following individuals.

Jacob Poushter, Senior Researcher

James Bell, Vice President, Global Strategy
Caldwell Bishop, Research Associate
Hanyu Chwe, Research Assistant
Stefan Cornibert, Communications Manager
Danielle Cuddington, Research Analyst
Claudia Deane, Vice President, Research
Janell Fetterolf, Research Associate
Yulin Huang, Research Analyst
Courtney Johnson, Research Associate
Michael Keegan, Information Graphics Designer
David Kent, Copy Editor
Dorothy Manevich, Research Analyst
Travis Mitchell, Digital Producer
Patrick Moynihan, Associate Director, International Research Methods
Audrey Powers, Administrative Coordinator
Guilherme Russo, Research Associate
Steve Schwarzer, Research Methodologist
Laura Silver, Senior Researcher
Katie Simmons, Associate Director, Research
Rhonda Stewart, Senior Communications Manager
Bruce Stokes, Director, Global Economic Attitudes
Kyle Taylor, Research Assistant
Margaret Vice, Senior Researcher
Richard Wike, Director, Global Attitudes Research
Benjamin Wormald, Web Developer
Methodology

About the Pew Research Center’s Spring 2017 Global Attitudes Survey

Results for the survey are based on telephone interviews conducted under the direction of Kantar Public UK. The results are based on national samples, unless otherwise noted. More details about our international survey methodology and country-specific sample designs are available here.

Detailed information on survey methods for this report

General information on international survey research
Topline Questionnaire

Pew Research Center
Spring 2017 Survey
June 1, 2017 Release

Methodological notes:

- Survey results are based on national samples. For further details on sample designs, see Methodology section and our international survey methods database.

- Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%. The topline “total” columns show 100%, because they are based on unrounded numbers.

- Not all questions included in the Spring 2017 survey are presented in this topline. Omitted questions have either been previously released or will be released in future reports.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q4. How much do you trust the national government to do what is right for (survey country) — a lot, somewhat, not much, or not at all?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A lot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q48b. Do you think the UK leaving the European Union will be a good thing or a bad thing for ____? b. the UK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Good thing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>