

PEW RESEARCH CENTER/WASHINGTON POST  
OCTOBER 20-23, 2011 OMNIBUS  
FINAL TOPLINE  
N=1009

PEW.1-PEW.3 HELD FOR FUTURE RELEASE

**ASK ALL:**

PEWWP.1 From what you've read and heard, do you strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose **[INSERT; RANDOMIZE]**?<sup>1</sup>

		-----Support-----			-----Oppose-----			(VOL.)
		<u>Total</u>	<u>Strongly</u>	<u>Some- what</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Strongly</u>	<u>Some- what</u>	DK/ Ref
a.	The Occupy Wall Street movement							
	Oct 20-23, 2011	39	16	23	35	16	19	6
b.	The Tea Party movement							
	Oct 20-23, 2011	32	12	20	44	24	20	5

<sup>1</sup> PEWWP.1a-b asked in conjunction with *The Washington Post*.

## About the Survey

The analysis in this report is based on telephone interviews conducted October 20-23, 2011, among a national sample of 1,009 adults 18 years of age or older living in the continental United States (606 respondents were interviewed on a landline telephone, and 403 were interviewed on a cell phone, including 195 who had no landline telephone). The survey was conducted by interviewers at Princeton Data Source under the direction of Princeton Survey Research Associates International. A combination of landline and cell phone random digit dial samples were used; both samples were provided by Survey Sampling International. Interviews were conducted in English. Respondents in the landline sample were selected by randomly asking for the youngest adult male or female who is now at home. Interviews in the cell sample were conducted with the person who answered the phone, if that person was an adult 18 years of age or older. For detailed information about our survey methodology, see: <http://people-press.org/methodology/detailed>.

The combined landline and cell phone sample are weighted using an iterative technique that matches gender, age, education, race, Hispanic origin, region, and population density to parameters from the March 2010 Census Bureau's Current Population Survey. The sample also is weighted to match current patterns of telephone status, based on extrapolations from the 2010 National Health Interview Survey. The weighting procedure also accounts for the fact that respondents with both landline and cell phones have a greater probability of being included in the combined sample and adjusts for household size within the landline sample. Sampling errors and statistical tests of significance take into account the effect of weighting. The following table shows the sample sizes and the error attributable to sampling that would be expected at the 95% level of confidence for different groups in the survey:

Group	Sample Size	Plus or minus ...
Total sample	1,009	4.0 percentage points
Republicans	270	7.5 percentage points
Democrats	300	7.0 percentage points
Independents	347	6.5 percentage points

Sample sizes and sampling errors for other subgroups are available upon request.

In addition to sampling error, one should bear in mind that question wording and practical difficulties in conducting surveys can introduce error or bias into the findings of opinion polls.